

GAEILGE / PE · 3RD–6TH CLASS

Gaeilge — Spóirt agus Gníomhaíochtaí

Sports & Activities — 3rd–6th Class

Spóirt — Sports

1

peil / peil Ghaelach

football / Gaelic football

Example: PEL / PEL GAY-lukh

2

iománaíocht / hurling

hurling (the ancient Irish stick-and-ball game)

Example: ih-MAWN-ee-ukht

3

camógaíocht

camogie (women's hurling)

Example: KAM-oh-gee-ukht

4

liathróid láimhe

handball (Irish handball — a GAA sport)

Example: lee-uh-ROHL LAWV-eh

5

sacar

soccer / association football

Example: SAK-ur

6

snámh

swimming

Example: SNAHV

7

rith

running

Example: rih

8

rothaíocht

cycling

Example: RUH-hee-ukht

9

lúthchleas gael

Gaelic games / GAA sports

Example: LOO-khlyas GAYL

CLG — The GAA

Cumann Lúthchleas Gael — Ireland's national

- The GAA (Cumann Lúthchleas Gael) was founded in 1884 to preserve and promote Irish sports and culture.
- THE FOUR GAA SPORTS: Peil Ghaelach (Gaelic football), Iománaíocht (hurling), Camógaíocht (camogie), Liathróid Láimhe (handball)
- Hurling is the world's fastest field sport and one of the oldest — played in Ireland for over 3,000 years.
- GAA COUNTIES: each county has a team. All-Ireland Championships are the pinnacle — Croke Park, Dublin holds 82,000 spectators.
- AMATEURISM: all GAA players are amateur — they play for love of the game, not pay. This is central to GAA culture.
- Tá an CLG tábhachtach d'Éirinn — The GAA is important to Ireland

